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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/825,988	04/16/2004	Thomas Aisenbrey	INT03-012	8729
7	590 12/15/2004		EXAMINER	
STEPHEN B. ACKERMAN 28 DAVIS AVENUE			WILLE, DOUGLAS A	
	SIE, NY 12603		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2814	

DATE MAILED: 12/15/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/825,988	AISENBREY, THOMAS				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Douglas A Wille	2814				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 A	pril 2004.	·				
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-55 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ⊠ Claim(s) 41-50 is/are allowed.  6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-14,16-22,26-37 and 51-55 is/are re 7) ⊠ Claim(s) 15,23-25 and 38-40 is/are objected to 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.  ejected.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10)☑ The drawing(s) filed on 16 April 2004 is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	D⊠ accepted or b) objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
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Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>0704</u>.</li> </ol>	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1, 3, 4, 8, 9, 16, 17, 21, 22, 26, 27, 29, 36 and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Quackenbush.
- 3. With respect to claims 1 and 26, Quackenbush shows a capacitor (see Figure 7 and column 2, line 56) with a first plate with a conductive resin containing conductive particles and a second plate coupled to the first for forming a capacitor.
- 4. With respect to claims 3, 4 and 27, Quackenbush shows that the particles could be Cu metal (column 1, line 15).
- 5. With respect to claims 8, 9 and 29, Quackenbush shows that the particles can be carbon (column 1, line 14).
- 6. With respect to claim 16 Quackenbush shows both plate as being the same.
- 7. With respect to claim 17, there is a dielectric 83, 84 between the plates.
- 8. With respect to claims 21 and 36, the dielectric is on both sides of the plates.
- 9. With respect to claims 22 and 37, there are multiple planes.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 11. Claims 2, 11, 12, 14, 31 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Quackenbush in view of Watanabe et al.
- 12. With respect to claim 2, Quackenbush does not provide the conductive material composition in weight percentage but Watanabe et al. show that for carbon as a conductive material the weight percentage is 1 50 %. It would have been obvious to use this percentage since it is known to be functional. Note that it would be difficult to measure a powder by volume and would be much simpler to measure by weight.
- 13. With respect to claims 11 and 31, Watanabe et al. show that carbon fibers can be used and since carbon nanotubes are so well known and readily available, it would be obvious to use them.
- 14. With respect to claim 12, Watanabe et al. shows that metal fibers can be used (column 8, line 46).
- 15. With respect to claims 14 and 32, since powder and fibers are equivalent it would be obvious to use a combination of them.
- 16. Claims 5, 6, 7 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Quackenbush in view of Azechi et al.
- 17. With respect to claims 5 and 28, Azechi et al. show that conductive particles in a binder can be either metal or metal coated particles [0026]. Since they are equivalent, it would be obvious to use either of them.
- 18. With respect to claim 6, Azechi et al. show nickel [0034].

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19. With respect to claim 7, Quackenbush does not show the particle size but Azechi et al. show a particle size of 0.1 - 20 microns and it would be obvious to use this size since it is known to be functional.

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- 20. Claims 10, 18 20, 30 and 33 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Quackenbush.
- 21. With respect to claim 10, Quackenbush shows that carbon and metals are equivalent and it would be obvious to use any combination of equivalent materials.
- 22. With respect to claim 30, since the two types are equivalent, their mixture would be obvious.
- 23. With respect to claims 18 20 and 33 35, Quackenbush does not specify the dielectric but since resins, ceramics, mica and paper are all well known dielectrics, their use would be obvious.
- 24. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Quackenbush in view of Watanabe et al. and Azechi et al.
- Quackenbush and Watanabe et al. show fibers and Azechi et al. shows a particle size of 0.1-20 microns. It would be obvious to use this size since it is known to be useful. None of the references show the fiber length but it would be within normal experimentation to use either the natural fiber length that occurs from the fabrication method or to select any specific fiber length since the function of the fiber is not effected by its length.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

26. Claims 51 – 55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

27. The subject claims depend from claim 51 which depends from claim 41 but claim 41 shows molding the plate and claim 51 shows extruding the plate. Since the two processes are mutually exclusive the claims are conflicting and does not represent clear cut subject matter.

## Allowable Subject Matter

- 28. Claims 41 50 are allowed.
- 29. The prior art does not teach molding the capacitor plates.
- 30. Claims 15, 23 25 and 38 40 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 31. The prior art does not show the second plate as being metal, a solderable overlayer, a circuit trace or a molded housing.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Douglas A Wille whose telephone number is (571) 272-1721. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (6:15-2:45).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wael Fahmy can be reached on (571) 272-1705. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Douglas A. Wille
Primary Examiner

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